- Class -6th History ch-9 Que1)Match the following:- Muvendar- Cholas, Cheras and **Pandyas** 2)Lords of the dakshinapatha-Satavahana rulers 3(Ashvagosha-Buddhacharita 4)Bodhisattvas- Mahayana Buddhism 5)Xuan Zhang -Chinese pilgrim
- Que2) Why did kings want to control the Silk Route?
 Ans-They could collect taxes, an additional source of revenue for kings
 Gifts and tributes were given by traders to the kings.

Que3) What kinds of evidence do historians use to find out about trade and trade routes? Ans-They found evidence through multiple sources.

Through the literature of the concerned period Ancient coins Pottery, bowls and plates

Que4)What were the main features of Bhakti Ans-Bhakti became a central feature of Hinduism. 2)Deities were worshipped through bhakti Bhakti is generally understood as a person's devotion to his or her chosen deity 3(Anybody – whether rich or poor, belonging to the so-called 'high' or 'low' castes, man or woman, could follow the path of bhakti.

Que5)Discuss the reasons why the Chinese pilgrims came to India. Ans-

They came to visit places associated with the life of Buddha as well as famous monasteries. They spent time studying in Nalanda.

Que6)Why do you think ordinary people were attracted to Bhakti? Ans-Anyone irrespective of gender, economic status and caste status could follow this path. Hence, it attracted ordinary people.